Numb. 693

The Daily Gazetteer.

Friday, September 23. 1737.

No. 701.

Memoirs of Lord Burghley, *&c. Continued.*

IF the Temper of our eminent Statesman had inclined him to Ambition, he might have received high Satisfaction from the Honour conferred upon him; if it had warp'd towards Avarice, his Offices afforded abundant Opportunities of filling his Coffers: which he was so far from doing, that he affirmed himself to be, at the Time of his Creation, the poorest Lord in *England*: If it had inclined to Vanity, the Confidence of the wisest Prince, and the Favour of the fickleſt People, might have contented it. But his Lordship was of such a Cast of Mind, as to take little Pleasure in his own good Fortune, while he saw the Cause of God, that is True Religion, in danger on all Sides from the jealous Catholicks, Splenetick Puritans, Enthusiastick Fanaries, and Conceal'd Atheists, who wore the Garb of all Religions, having none in their Hearts; while he beheld the Publick Good too often sacrificed to the Ambition of Aspiring, or to the Avarice of Greedy Courtiers; and while his Penetration shewed him, as in a Glass, the Troubles which would arise from the restless Disposition of Traitors at home, and the Politick Contrivances of Foreign Enemies. How different soever the Aims of all these might be, the Destruction of the Lord *Burghley* was necessary to them all. As he was the Sole Support of the Church, and the Main Pillar of the State, such as sought to subvert these, left no Way untried to debase him. How sensible he was of all this, and what Sense he had of it, together with the generous Flow of Private Friendship, which sometimes would unbend his Thoughts, will appear from the following Extract of a Letter of his to Sir *Nicholas White*, Master of the Rolls in *Ireland*, his intimate Acquaintance. 'I cannot well resolve what to write, says his Lordship, such are the Varieties and Changes of Time, that may alter my Advertisements, between my Writing and your Receipt: Therefore I will write of Things not subject to Change by me, while I live. I do continue, nor will desist, to love heartily the honest Virtues, which I am persuaded are settled and rooted in You; for which I love You and so will, however mutable may be the Love of others, till You shall make the Change. I am, as You have known me (if not more) tormented with the Blasts of the World, willing to live in calm Places, while it pleaseth God otherwise to exercise me in such Sort, as I cannot shun the Rages thereof, tho' his Goodness preserveth me, as it were, with the Target of his Providence, from the Dangers that are gaping upon me. *Vita Hominis est Militiam super Terram.* I use no Armour of Proof against the Dart and Pellet, but Confidence in God by a clear Conscience.' In another Part of the same Letter he expresseth himself thus: 'God send me some Intermission from Business, to meditate privately upon his marvellous Works (*a*), and to exercise my Thankfulness for his Mercies and Benefits.' Such were the Sentiments of this excellent Man, at once a Statesman and a Saint: Whose Merit was not more conspicuous, than his Morals were pure; and whom the Satirist *Persius* would have pronounced an honest Man, since he can bear not only the Scrutinizing of his Actions, but the Tracing even his Secret Thoughts, and Prying into the Recesses of his Soul. But the glorious Pursuit of his *Private Virtues*, hath led us, perhaps, too far from his *Publick Character*. Let us now turn our Eyes to that Scene of his Life where his Charity has been most scrupled, and let us judge impartially with what Cause.

The Duke of *Norfolk* had still in his Mind that fatal Sting of Ambition, which had irritated him to Practices so fatal to his Peace and Safety. He could not, therefore, prevail upon himself to abandon the Design he had formed, of marrying the Queen of *Scots*; tho' he could not but know it was become now more dangerous than before, and must be preceded by, or attended with, Circumstances inconsistent with his Loyalty to his Sovereign. The Queen of *Scots* was herself very active in this Matter, wherein she certainly acted a Double Part; not, however, without the Knowledge of *Norfolk*. For in Order to gain Assistance from the *Spaniards*, she seemed to consent to a Marriage with Don *John* of *Austria*, who had in his Head a Scheme of making himself King of *Great Britain*, which most of our Historians seem to have known nothing of. (*b*) The Reason of the Queen's inclining to *Spain*, was the Treaty of Marriage then negociating between Queen *Elizabeth* and the Duke of *Anjou*, which induced *Mary* to look upon *France* as lost. This Princess had pitched on one *Ridolpho* for her Agent in this perplexed Business, who was an *Italian* of great Parts and deep Cunning. Him she recommended to the Duke of *Norfolk*, as a Person he might trust, and from whom, as well as by her own Letters, he might know her most Secret Concerns. This *Ridolpho* endeavoured to perswade the Duke, that there were in *England* many Persons of high Quality, as well as a Multitude of common People, who were discontented with the present State of Affairs, and who would not fail to take Arms, whenever his Grace would take Courage, and put himself at their Head. That he might also depend on great Succours from the *Pope* and the King of *Spain*; for the latter of which he promised that he would land an Army of 6000 Foot, and 4000 Horse, at *Harwich*, in the Neighbourhood of which Port the Duke had many Adherents. To this the Duke listned, and was privy to another Plot projected by the Bishop of *Ross*, which was to seize Queen *Elizabeth*, and to detain her Prisoner till she consented to the Duke's and the Queen of *Scots* Desires. I say, to this Plot the Duke was privy, without discovering it; tho' he rejected it with some Indignation (*c*)

The Duke of *Norfolk* corresponded with the Queen of *Scots* in Cypher, and was wont on the Receipt of her Letters, to deliver them with the Cypher, to one *Higford* his Secretary, with Orders to put them into the common Hand; and after he had read them, he deliver'd them to the same Person again to be burnt. These Intrigues were carried on for some time with great Secrecy, till at length a Discovery was made very oddly. *Ridolpho* sent over one *Baily*, who was privy to his Transactions with the Duke of *Alva*, with a Packet of Letters for the Queen of *Scots*, the *Spanish* Ambassador, the Duke of *Norfolk*, the Bishop of *Ross*, and Lord *Lumley*. *Ridolpho's* Instructions were, that *Baily* should leave his Packet with the Governor of *Calais*, which he neglecting, brought them over with him, and on his coming to *Dover* was arrested by the Lord *Cobham*, Governor or Warden of the *Cinque Ports*. Bishop *Ross*, who was the best Manager in the World of bad Designs, managed Matters so, that the Packet came safe to his Hands, and another Packet of no Consequence was substituted in its Room, of which *Baily* had Notice. But being put to the *Rack* he disclosed this, whereupon the Bishop was seized, who foreseeing his had put all Papers out of the way, and behaved with so much Firmness, that the Lords themselves who examined him, knew not what to make of it. In the Interim one *Brown* a Retainer to the Duke of *Norfolk*, having a Sum of Money delivered to him, which was said to be Silver, with Orders to convey it to *Bannister* and *Lowther*, two of the Duke's Servants, who were to carry it into *Scotland*: He suspecting by its Weight that it was Gold, and fearing his own Life in these dangerous Times, brought it with the Letters which were to have gone therewith to the Privy Council. Upon this *Higford* was seized and examined: He confessed all, and amongst the rest where he had hid the Papers which his Master had commanded him to burn; these being taken from under the Mat of his Bed, there remained no farther Doubt of the Duke's Guilt, who was immediately put under Custody in his own House. At his first Examination, he denied all Things; but when *Higford's* Confession was read, and the Letters themselves produced, he was much daunted, and at last broke out into these Words: *I am betray'd and undone by those in whom I confided, not knowing how to distrust them, tho' Diffidence is the highest Point of Wisdom.* He then owned many Things which were but suspected before, and was thereupon committed to the *Tower*. But so cautious was the Court, lest the People might have wrong Notions of the Matter, that a Detail of the Plot was given in the *Star Chamber* to the Nobility, the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the City of *London*; and the Recorder *Fleetwood* afterwards published the Causes of his Grace's Commitment to the Citizens at *Guild hall.* (*d*)

On the 16th of *January* 1572. the Duke of *Norfolk* was brought to his Trial at *Westminster Hall*, the Earl of *Shrewsbury* sitting as Lord High Steward. His Grace defended himself with great Eloquence and Courage; the Business of *Brown* proved his Undoing: It appeared, that the Money was intended for the *Scotch* Queen's Adherents in *Scotland*; and the Duke's Letter to *Bannister* his Servant, requiring him carefully to send it to them, was produced, and this Point was strengthened by the Evidence of *Bannister* himself. The Duke, with much Presence of Mind, interposed a Question, *Whether his transacting with Persons subject to a Prince in Amity with the Queen* (meaning the King of *Scots*) *could be construed aiding the Queen's Enemies?* Chief Justice *Catline* said *it might*, and laid it down for Law, that the Queen might make War with any Duke in *France*, and yet be in Peace with the *French* King. Upon which the Peers appointed to try the Duke, found him *Guilty* unanimously; and the Lord High Steward, with flowing Eyes, pronounced *Sentence*. It was however sometime before the Duke was put to Death; and the Queen, sometime after, gave broad Hints afterwards, that he would not have been put to Death at all, if it had not been for the Persuasions of Lord *Burghley*. I shall hereafter shew, that it was one of the *Arts* of this Princess, to take to herself the Merit of all grateful Acts, and to throw the Weight of such as were not so upon her Ministers. This did not proceed from any Fear of her Enemies; but from a Desire of preserving the Affection of her Subjects, and humbling those who might seek to share it with her. However, it is true that the Lord *Burghley* gave his Opinion for the *speedy Execution* of the Duke; and for this Cause, That while he lived, the Kingdom was unsettled, and the Government in the utmost Danger; but he was far from being the only Person who saw the Necessity of the Duke's Death. *Randolph*, the Queen's Minister in *Scotland*, signified as much in a Letter written after the Duke's Condemnation; and the great Earl of *Leicester* signified in a Letter to *Walsingham*, before his Trial, that the Duke's Case *seemed to afford the Queen small Cause for Mercy*. Lord *Burghley* at the same time wrote to the same Person, That *he was sorry for the Duke's Practices, but glad they were discovered* (*e*) He persisted now in the same Sentiments, averring that her Majesty's doing Justice on the Duke, was shewing Mercy to her Subjects. Whereupon after Six Months Respite his Grace was Beheaded, much lamented by the People, and in Shew, regretted by the Queen herself. He died a *Protestant*, and ascribed his *Ruin* to his own *Indiscretion.*

(*a*) *Strype's Annals, Vol. II.*

(*b*) *See the Memoirs relating to* Antonio Perez, *in* Geddes's *Tracts.*

(*c*) *See Camden, Strype, Melvin, Rapin, &c.*

(*d*) *Camden and Strype.*

(*e*) *Strype's Annals, Vol. II.*

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Sept. 13. We hear that the Reverend Mr. Lauchlan Mackintosh, late Moderator of the General Assembly, read the Act for discovering the Murderers of Captain Porteous, the first Sunday of this Month, in his Parish-Church of Errol in Perthshire: And that the Ministers of the Synod of Ross, and several other Highland Countries, have explained the whole Heads and Contents thereof in the Language their Hearers best understand.

Yesterday died in Multreesshills, Isabel Newlands, a Widow, who used to distil Waters. She had long entertained a violent Apprehension of Death, and had accordingly caused make her Coffin, but of a larger than the ordinary Size, in which she lay

Night

Night and Day, ruminating on her Change. Immediately before her Death she desired a Clyster might be given her; and after it, taking a Glass with a Dram in her Hand, bid those about her Adieu, and drinking it up, expired immediately.

Yesternight Lieutenant-General Philip Honeywood, Governor of Berwick, and who has the Command of a Regiment of Dragoons now quartered in East-Lothian, arrived here, and is lodged at Brigadier-General Guest's House in Abbey-hill.

IRELAND.

Dublin, Sept. 13. On Saturday Night last, by a violent Storm, the Mast and Lights belonging to the new Light-house at Polebegg, were blown down, and we fear there is more Damage done on our Coasts.

Yesterday at the Quarter Sessions held at the Tholsel, John Raw, was tried for stealing Goods, the Property of Mrs. Broderick; his Contrivance was, by climbing up his own Chimney, and going down that belonging to the above-mentioned Gentlewoman. He was found Guilty, 4 s. 9 d.

At the same time, John Neale, commonly call'd blind War, and Patrick Murphy, were tried for a Rape on the Body of Mary Farrell, a poor Creature in Newgate, who was lately committed to that Place, on Suspicion of Felony, which it is said was not proved. The Fact was accompanied with several horrid Circumstances, and the Jury brought in their Verdict, Guilty.

One Carty, a notorious Rioter, was tried and convicted.

Yesterday Mr. Dennison, an eminent Clothier in Chamber's-street, died of an Apoplexy.

Last Sunday Night Mr. Richardson, Master and Owner of a Workington Ship, at the End of Ormond Quay, complain'd of the Cholick at going to Bed, and next Morning was found dead in his Bed.

This Morning Mr Hawkins, late Keeper of Newgate, and his Wife, were both committed to Newgate, for killing one Mr. Fitz Patrick, a Gunsmith.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Reading, Sept. 19. On Thursday Evening died, after a long nervous Indisposition, Mr. Henry Deane, Town-Clerk of this Borough, in the 77th Year of his Age. He was elected into the said Office in the Year 1695, and had been frequently Undersheriff of the County. He was an excellent Attorney, and by the Variety of Business he went thro', acquired a plentiful Fortune with great Reputation. He was a steady Friend, but a dangerous Enemy; and in all Stations of Life behaved with Constancy and Resolution.

There are several Candidates for the Office of Town-Clerk, but 'tis not yet certainly known who will be elected.

HOME PORTS.

Deal, Sept. 21. Wind N. W. The Delawar, Cleland, for Cyprus and Scanderoon; and the Thames, Merchant, for Smyrna and Constantinople, are sailed this Forenoon with most of the other outward bound. Just came down and sailed, the Westmorland, Shanks, for Leghorn; the Suttle, Howard, for Chester. Remain the Leghorn Galley, Werry, for Leghorn; the Fortune, Munt, for Lisbon; the John and Mary, Voss, for Cadiz.

Gravesend, Sept. 21. Passed by the Norway Merchant, Waugh, from Riga; the Earl of Pembroke, Allen, from Monserrat; the Seahorse, Tilmouth, from Narva; the Prince of Asturias, Wadge, from Antigua; the Cambridge, Abbot, from Norway; the Santa Susanna, del Valle, from Bilbao; the St. Paul, Paterssen, from Hamburgh.

LONDON.

Extract of a Letter from Sturbridge Fair.

Coffee-Booth, Sept. 15. 1737.

Here are abundance of Hops; some so good as to sell for 7 l. and some Seven Guineas per Hundred; but such are few. The round Price for good Hops is about 6 l. to 6 l. 10 s. And the Kentish Hops about 5 l. 10 s and upwards; for those Hops were sold by the Londoners, who bought 'em cheap, being pick'd before they were ripe. Those that are brown and ordinary, sell for about 4 l.

I am, Sir, &c.

Yesterday about One o'Clock their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, attended by several Persons of Distinction, came from Kew to Carleton House, and about Two o'Clock the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, attended by Mr. Baron Thompson, Recorder, and the Aldermen Barber, Barnard, Perry, Lombe, Godschall, Heathcote, Lequesne, Willymot, Lambert and Hankey, who went from Guildhall to Carleton House in Pall-mall in their Formalities, to congratulate their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, on the Birth of the Princess Augusta, and they were graciously received, and had the Honour to kiss their Royal Highnesses Hands.

After which their Royal Highnesses returned to Kew to Dinner.

On Wednesday last Mr. Hall, a Druggist in Bishopsgate-street, received a Letter by the Penny Post, threatening to set his House on Fire, if he did not that Night lay 40 Guineas under his Threshold; accordingly a Bag of Counters was put in the Place, and a strong Watch in the neighbouring Houses; but no Person appearing, it is supposed they were jealous of their Design to take them.

Mr. Ninn, one of the Burgesses of Westminster, is appointed by the Board of Works to be Ironmonger to all his Majesty's Palaces, in the room of Mr. Molineaux of Cateaton-street.

This Day an Adjournment Sessions will be held at Guildhall by the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, for discharging the Prisoners in the Fleet, pursuant to the late Act of Insolvency.

Yesterday Morning died Mr. Benjamin Sprint, one of the Governors of St. Thomas's Hospital, formerly an eminent and rich Bookseller in Little Britain.

Yesterday several Persons were convicted before the Commissioners of Excise in the Penalty of 100 l. each, for retailing Spirituous Liquors contrary to Law.

Last Saturday Sir William Lemon of North-Hall, Bart, was married to Miss Britt of Bond-street, an Heiress of a considerable Fortune.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint John Thomas, Esq; Brother to Sir Edmund Thomas, Bart. to be Captain of a Company in Brigadier General Columbine's Regiment of Foot.

Yesterday Brigadier General Neville kiss'd his Majesty's Hand, on being promoted to the Command of the Regiment of Dragoons lately commanded by Sir Adolphus Oughton, Bart. deceased.

The same Day the Honourable Charles Fielding, Esq; Brother to the Right Hon. the Earl of Denbeigh, and his new-married Lady, were presented to their Majesties at Hampton Court, and met with a most gracious Reception.

Last Tuesday the Rev. Mr. Welchman was installed a Prebend in the Cathedral Church of Exeter, in the room of the Rev. Mr. Whitburn, deceased.

Yesterday Morning a Match was run from Putney to Kingston, between Mr. Mason's Bay Gelding *Small Hopes*, and Mr. Stephenson's Chesnut Gelding, *Whitefoot*, for 20 l. a Side, which was won by *Small Hopes*, *Whitefoot* falling down as he was going up Kingston Hill.

Next Monday his Excellency Edward Trelawney, Esq; will set out for Portsmouth, in order to embark for his Government of Jamaica.

About the Middle of next Month their Majesties, and the rest of the Royal Family, will come from Hampton Court to Richmond, and from thence will remove to St. James's on the 28th or 29th, in order to celebrate his Majesty's Birth day; after which they will go to Kew for three Weeks, and then return to St. James's for the Remainder of the Winter Season.

The Right Hon. the Countess of Coventry is very dangerously ill of the Dropsy, at the Earl's House in Grosvenor's Square.

Yesterday Morning died in the 21st Year of her Age, at her Lodgings in New Bondstreet, Miss Noel, an Heiress of 20,000 l. Fortune.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Granard, Vice-Admiral of His Majesty's Blue Squadron, will speedily set out for the Court of Spain, with a Commission of great Importance.

The Right Hon. the Lord Cathcart, one of the 16 Peers of Scotland, is arrived at Calais, on his Return home from Aix la Chappelle, where he had been for the Recovery of his Health.

On Sunday last George Neale, Esq; kiss'd His Majesty's Hand, on his being appointed Captain of a Company in the Regiment of Foot commanded by the late General Sutton, deceased.

On Tuesday last Alexander Jones was committed to Newgate, as was Mary Smith by Col. De Veil, both for Felonies.

		Morning	Evening
High Water this Day at London Bridge.		10 56	11 28

Casualties, Christnings, and Burials last Week.

Drowned in the River of Thames, buried at St. Katherine by the Tower 1. Suffocated, buried at St. Leonard in Shoreditch 1. Excessive Drinking

Christned	Males 182	Buried	Males
	Females 148		Females
	In all 330		In all

Increased in the Burials this Week 24

Whereof have died,

Under 2 Years of Age	317	Forty and Fifty	
Between 2 and 5	76	Fifty and Sixty	
Five and Ten	32	Sixty and Seventy	
Ten and Twenty	28	Seventy and Eighty	
Twenty and Thirty	87	Eighty and Ninety	
Thirty and Forty	75	Ninety and a Hundred	

Bank Stock 145 7-8ths for the Opening. 177 1-half. South Sea 102 1-4th. Old Ann. 112 for the Opening. New ditto, 110 7-8. Three per Cent. 106 3-4ths. 3 per Cent. Low. 1-8th. 5 per Cent. 102 7 8ths. Royal Assurance 109 to 1-half. London Assurance 14 7-8ths. African 14. New India Bonds 6 l. 18 s. Premium. Old ditto 6 l. 17 s. Prem. South ditto 4 l. 15 s. Prem. New Bank Circulation Prem. Salt Tallies 1 to 5 Premium. English per 2 l. 12 s. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three Cent. Exchequer Orders 8 1-4th per Cent. Three per Cent. ditto 3 per Cent. Prem. Bank 123 1-half. Lottery Tickets 10 l. 4 s. Tickets 4 l. 6 s.

For Sale by the Candle,

On Wednesday the 5th of October, 1737, at Lloyd's Coffee house in Lombard-street, at 12 o'Clock at Noon,

THE Good Ship *Mary Flower*, as she came from Sea, Pink Stern'd, British built, Burthen 200 Tons more or less, with proportionable Dimensions, now lying near Gun Stairs, Wapping,

JOHN ROBINSON, Commander.

Inventories to be seen on board the said Ship, and at the Place of Sale.

To be Sold by ABRAHAM COLEMAN, Legal Broker.

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THE LADIES PHYSICAL DIRECTORY: Or, A Treatise of all the Weaknesses, Indispositions, and Diseases peculiar to the Female Sex, from eleven Years of Age to fifty and upwards; by which Women and Maids of the meanest Capacity may perfectly understand the Symptoms, Nature, and true Cause of their own Illnesses, and readily know how to manage themselves under all their Infirmities. With proper Receits, in English prescrib'd, for the Green Sickness, Obstructions, inveterate Fluxes, Hysterick Affections, the Piles, and every other Disorder or Distemper the Fair Sex are peculiarly liable to whereby they may certainly and quickly cure themselves without Trouble or the Advice or Knowledge of any other Person.

To which is annex'd,

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